#### brk (Break)

This element specifies whether there is a line break at the start of a run, or at the start of the Box function, such that the line wraps at the start of the run or function. If this element is omitted, a manual break is not inserted. The line may happen to wrap at this point if the equation exceeds the column width. [Example:The following example includes a manual line break at the operator emulator:

$$a\\==b$$

<m:r>
 <m:t>a</m:t>
</m:r>

<m:box>
 <m:boxPr>
 <m:opEmu m:val="on"/>
 <m:brk/>
 </m:boxPr>

 <m:e>
 <m:r>
 <m:t>==</m:t>
 </m:r>
 </m:e>
</m:box>

<m:r>
 <m:t>b</m:t>
</m:r>

end example]

|  |
| --- |
| Parent Elements |
| [boxPr](boxPr.docx) (§); [rPr](rPr.docx) (§) |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attributes | Description |
| alnAt (Index of Operator to Align To) | Specifies the index of the operator on the previous line which shall be used as the alignment point for the current line. A line can be aligned to any operator on the previous line in the equation; this attribute specifies exactly which operator shall be the target of that alignment in cases where there are multiple operators.[Example: For example, consider the break in this equation: $$a+b+c+d+e+f+g$$The second line could theoretically be aligned to any of the four operators in the previous line. Specifying an alnAt value of 3 for the second line resolves this ambiguity; the second line is aligned to the third operator in the previous line. end example]The possible values for this attribute are defined by the [ST\_Integer255](ST_Integer255.docx) simple [type](type.docx) (§). |

The following XML Schema fragment defines the contents of this element:

<complexType name="CT\_ManualBreak">

 <attribute name="alnAt" [type](type.docx)="[ST\_Integer255](ST_Integer255.docx)"/>

</complexType>